

ET DE LA COHÉSION Implementing the EU Biodiversity Strategy -France's approach to the challenges of protecting the marine environment Online networking event on strictly protected marine areas



PRESENTATION OUTLINE

I. GENERAL FRAMEWORK

- France's national strategies
- The French concept of "high protection"

II. THE CURRENT NETWORK OF PROTECTED AREAS IN FRANCE

III. THE PLEDGE REPORTING FOR PROTECTED AREAS

- The French process for creating Marine HPA
- The French EU pledge





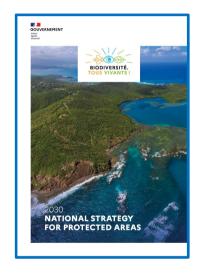
Protected areas targets in national strategies

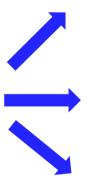


- **Protect 30%** of national territory
- **Highly protect 10%** of national territory
 - Increase financial means and quality of MPA management



« Standard » protection





UICN definition of protected areas

11 legal categories (enshrined in national law)

No standard level of protection

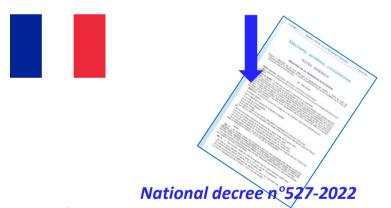
No OECM



Strict and high protection



Highly protected areas are "geographical areas in which the pressures generated by human activities that might compromise the conservation of the ecological features are eliminated or significantly reduced, in the long term, through the implementation of protection through property or an adapted regulation, associated with an effective control of these activities"



defining high protection and the way to implement it



Two processes to recognize Highly protected areas

Depending on its legal category

HP areas

- Prefectoral Orders
- Reinforced protection zones within Nature Reserves
- Core areas of National Parks
- Sites of the Natura 2000 network
- Marine Nature Parks
- Sites of the Coastal Conservation Trust and of the Natural Areas Conservation Trusts
- Regional sea conventions

On a case by case basis

- Assessment of the level of pressure induced by each activity present in the area
- Depending on the sensitivity of ecological stakes in the area to these pressures
- Activities can not be allowed unless the residual level of pressure is significantly reduced
- Except for seabed exploitation and windfarms (not compatible in principle, without analysis)

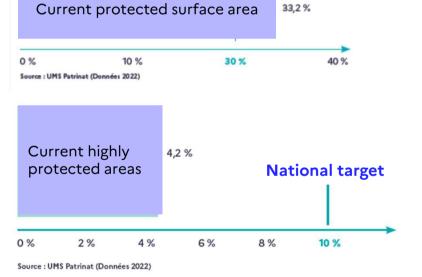


Where are we today?

National target

Protected areas

Highly protected areas



• 33,4% of MPAs

Mainland France: 366 MPAs covering 45,62% of marine waters

4,1% of marine HPA

Mainland France: 0,1% of marine waters are highly protected



THE CURRENT NETWORK OF PROTECTED AREAS IN FRANCE

	TOTAL AREA	PROTECTED AREAS (target 30%)		HIGH PROTECTION (target 10%)	
		SURFACE (ha)	RATIO (%)	SURFACE (ha)	RATIO (%)
NATIONAL TERRITORY	1 084 952 886 ha	363 291 156 ha	33,5 %	45 972 706 ha	4,2 %
NATIONAL MARINE TERRITORY	1 018 163 492 ha	342 435 865 ha	33,6 %	41 816 884 ha	4,1 %
Mainland	37 589 481 ha	17 146 587 ha	45,6 %	28 349 ha	0,1 %
Overseas	980 574 011 ha	325 289 278 ha	33,2 %	41 788 535 ha	4,3 %
NATIONAL LAND TERRITORY	66 789 394 ha	20 855 291 ha	31,2 %	4 155 822 ha	6,2 %
Mainland	54 886 077 ha	15 415 841 ha	28,1 %	847 300 ha	1,5 %
Overseas	11 903 317 ha	5 439 450 ha	45,7 %	3 308 522 ha	27,8 %

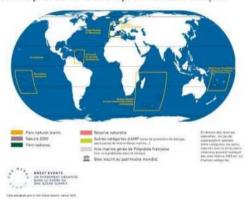
Source : PatriNat et OFB, base Espaces protégés, base Natura 2000, données ZPF marines septembre 2023. Indicateurs de référence 30, 31 et 32 relatifs aux protections contribuant à la SNAP

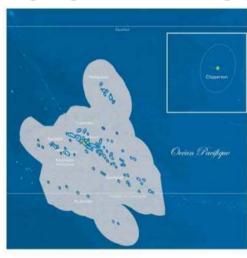
The French MPA network

II. THE CURRENT FRAMEWORK

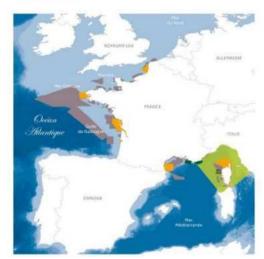


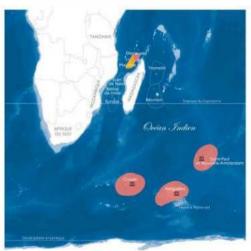
En 2022, un réseau de 565 aires marines protégées couvre près de 33 % de l'espace maritime français.







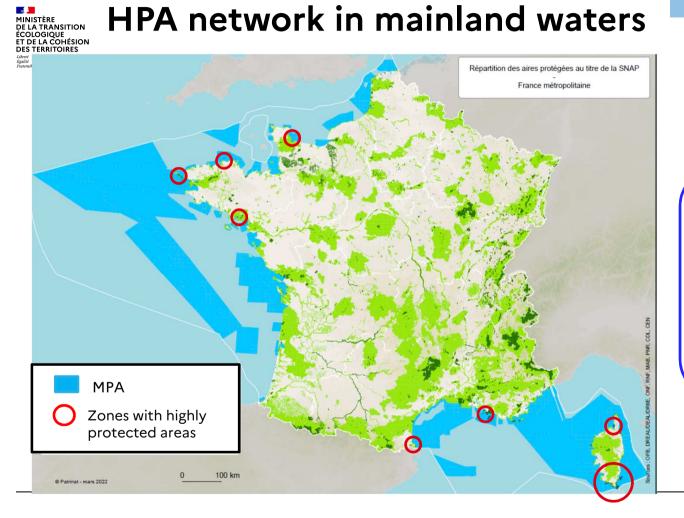






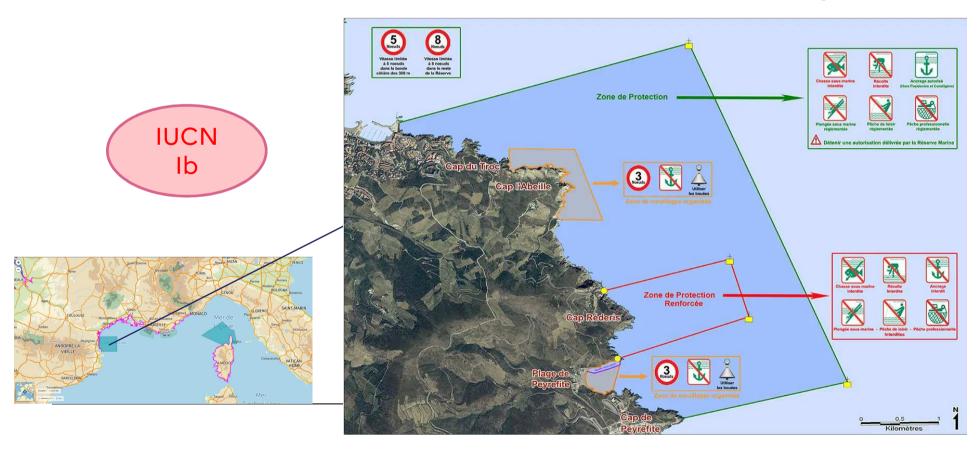
II. THE CURRENT FRAMEWORK

HPA network in mainland waters



- 28 HPA reported in the pledge
- 7 recognized since
- => **0,1%** of mainland marine waters

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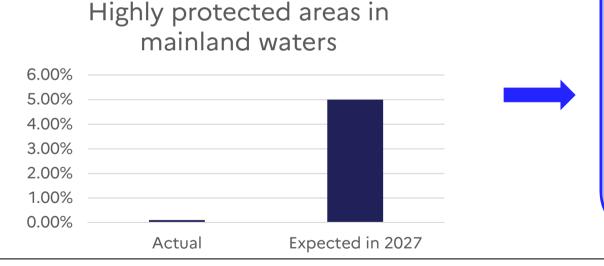




Where are we going?

- > No major new MPA's except for N2000 depending on sufficiency assessment
- No development of the OECM concept

> Efforts focused on developing HPAs



10% of national territory and waters highly protected in 2030

5% of mainland waters highly protected in 2027

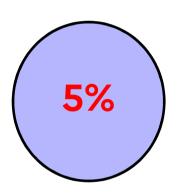
100% of threatened seagrass bed under high protection in 2030



Mainland France - highly protected areas targets

Target for mainland – 2030

Targets per Sea Basin - 2027



Mediterranean => 5%

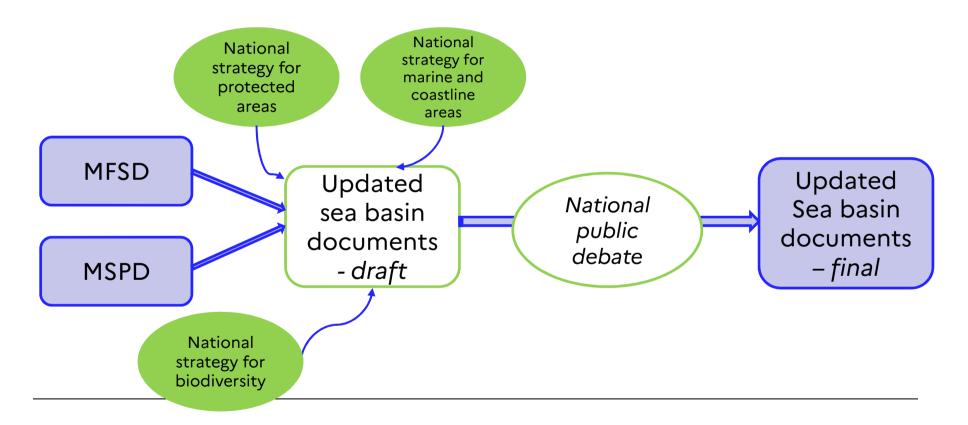
South Atlantic => 3%

North Atlantic => 3%

North Sea => 1%

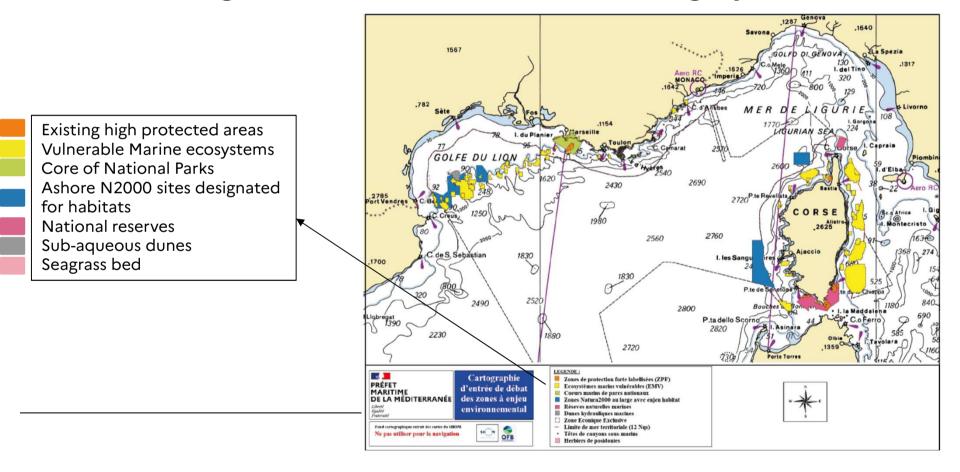


The strategic planning process



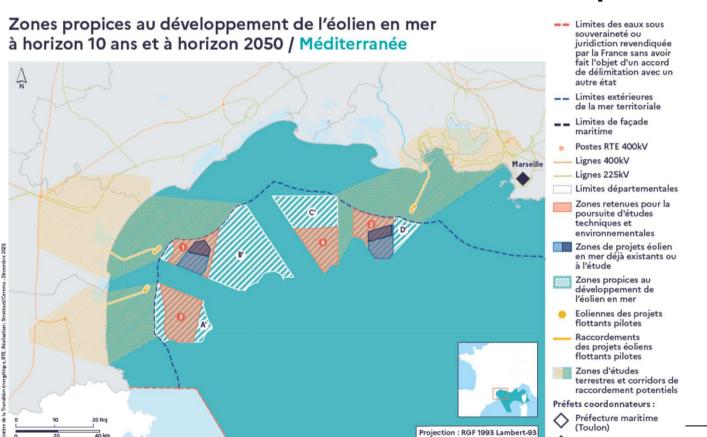


Ecological features of interest for high protection



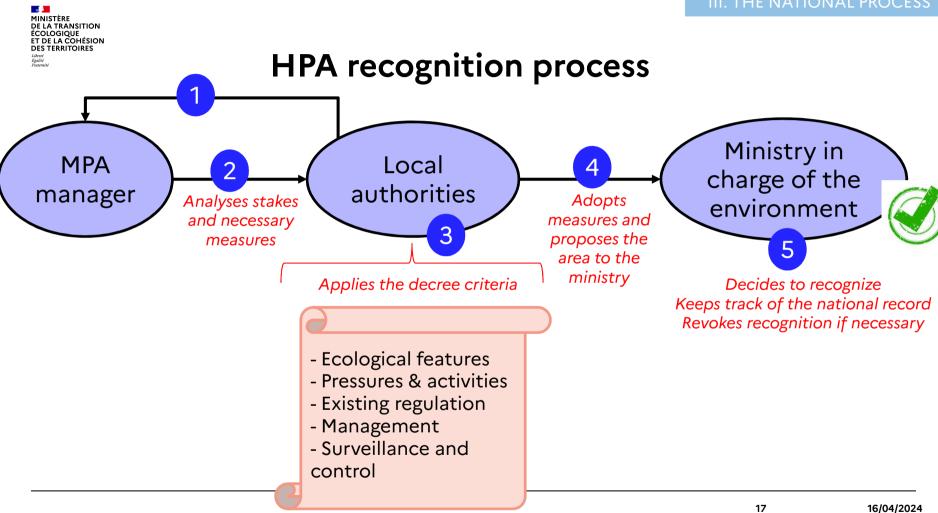


Areas of interest for windfarm development



Sources: ADMIN EXPRESS (@IGN 2022); EuroGlobalMap (@EuroGeographics 2022); SHOM

Préfecture de Région

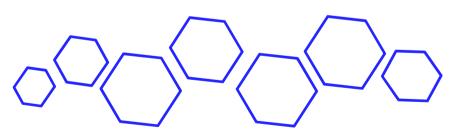




THE PLEDGE REPORTING FOR PROTECTED AREAS

HOW DID FRANCE MANAGE TO SUBMIT PLEDGES?

- non-exhaustive reporting based on available information only
- reporting of areas under high protection (no identification of "strict" protection)
- no reporting has been carried out on the protected areas and high protection projects to which France is committed by 2030, as the data is not yet sufficiently stable
- difficulty with certain protected areas that are recognized as high protection tools but are not systematically effectively managed
- overseas: outermost regions of the EU



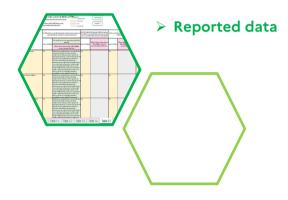


THE PLEDGE REPORTING FOR PROTECTED AREAS

HOW DID FRANCE MANAGE TO SUBMIT PLEDGES?

- > Table 1.1 Protected area per biogeographical region
- > Table 1.3 Area under strict protection per biogeographical region
- > Table 1.4 Explanation on coherence of the network
- > Table 2.1 Existing PA reported in CDDA, which should be counted for the 30% PA target (per designation type)



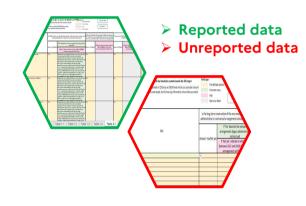




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- > Table 2.2 Existing PA reported in CDDA, which should be counting for the 30% PA target individual sites
- > Table 3 OECMs already reported in the CDDA that should be counted towards the 30% target
- > Table 4.1 Strict protection Areas reported in the CDDA that should be counted towards the 10% target (per designation type)
- > Table 4.2 Strict protection Natura2000 sites or areas reported in the CDDA that should be counted towards the 10% target individual sites
- > Table 5 Pledges for future protected areas or OECMs





Thank you for your attention

