

# Implementation of the Protected Areas pledge in Luxembourg

Continental Biogeographic seminar, Prague

25-27 June 2024

Elisabeth Kirsch

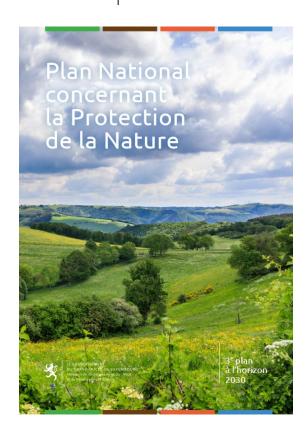


THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG
Ministry of the Environment,
Climate and Biodiversity

### **National Biodiversity Strategy**



- Pledging process preceded by planning of new National Biodiversity Strategy
- PNPN = Strategic instrument for implementing nature protection policy
- Planning process
- Definition of targets
- Adopted by Governing Council
- Of public interest



### PNPN3 – horizon 2030



- Targets for 2030
- Measurable actions 2026 & 2030
- > 4 pillars



**Protection** 

3 targets / 15 actions



Restoration

9 targets / 51 actions



**Transformation** 

4 targets / 43 actions



International

2 targets / 9 actions

### **Protected areas**



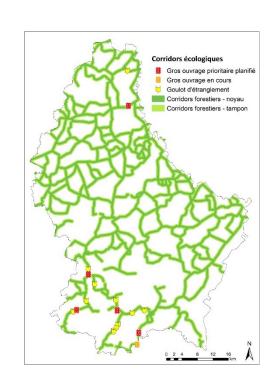
- ➤ Alignment of targetsPNPN3 ⇔ EU BDS & Pledges
- Coherent network of protected areas
  - 30% of territory under protection → 77 592 ha
  - 1/3 strictly protected → 25 864 ha
  - Effective management

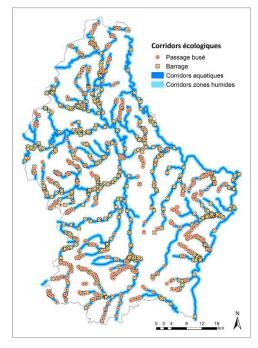


### Coherent network of protected areas



- Ecological corridors
  - Forests Wild cat
  - Rivers & wetlands
- Interaction with targets from restoration pillar
- Planning of new corridors
  - Ponds
  - Grasslands
  - Light pollution



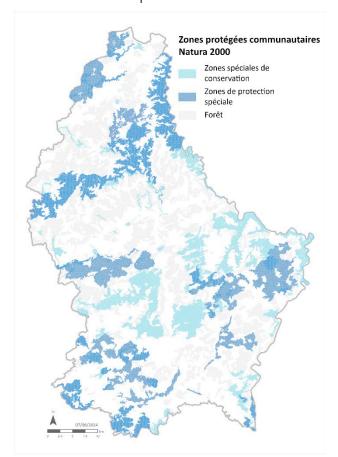


### Legal protection



- Mainly Natura 2000: 67 sites
  - 49 SAC
  - 18 SPA
- Network considered complete

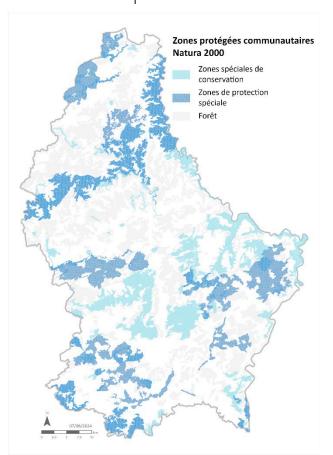




### Practical approach



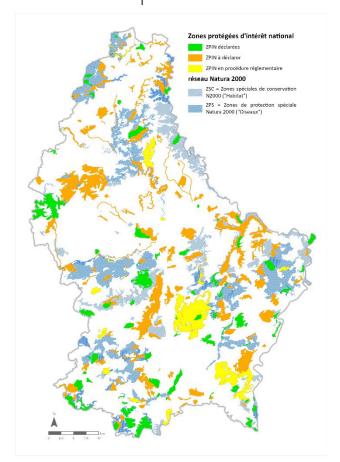
- Review of boundaries in 2021-2023
  - Update of conservation objectives & measures
  - Inclusion of adjacent state-owned land
  - Private land included at owner's request
- ➤ Regulatory procedure ⇒ publication
  - Public consultation
  - Approval of governing council
- Process lead by Ministry of the Environment
- Adaptation of management plans



## Legal protection



Status at time of pledging (Feb. 2023):28.05% ⇔ 72 551 ha

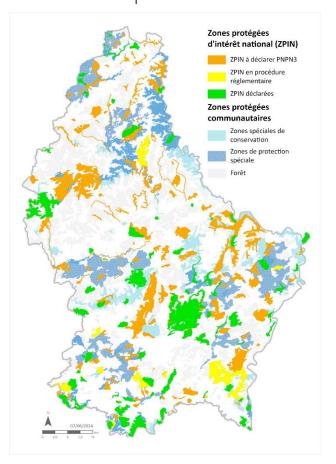


### Legal protection



#### LE GOUVERNEMENT DU GRAND-DUCHÉ DE LUXEMBOURG

- Status at time of pledging (Feb. 2023):28.05% ⇔ 72 551 ha
- Current state (June 2024):28.98% ⇔ 75 150 ha
- ▶ Progress since pledging:0.93% ⇔ 2 599 ha



### Strict protection



- Protected areas of national interest (ZPIN)
  - Procedure according to nature protection law → legal basis
  - No management or limited management that is necessary to maintain/restore habitat condition
  - Strict & precise constraints, including bans

#### Practical approach

- ▶ Declaration ⇒ publication (of public interest)
  - Dialogue with municipalities, land owners & farmers
  - Presentation to public
  - Regulatory procedure
- Process lead by Nature and Forest Administration



**Zone protégée** Naturschutzgebiet

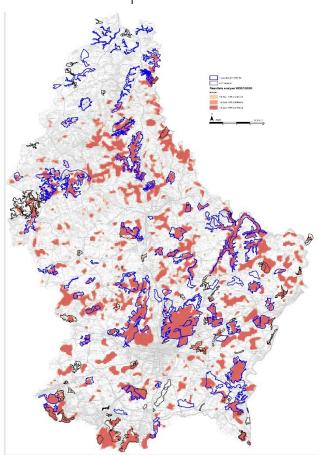




Status at time of pledging (Feb. 2023):4.16% ⇔ 10 760 ha

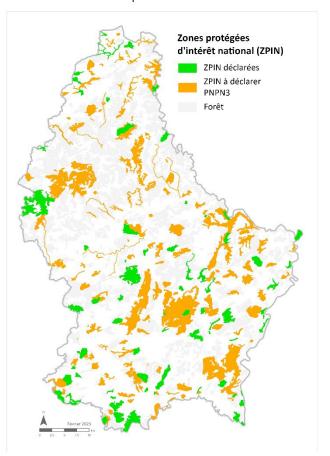
#### Determination of sites to be declared

- Revision of PNPN2 list
- Identification of additional sites
  - Hotspot analysis of (rare) forest habitat types
     → Distribution in state-owned forests
  - Hotspot analysis of wetlands
  - Expert opinion on valuable grassland sites
  - Analysis of rivers based on hydromorphological & biological criteria





- Forest reserves approx. 1/3 integral (RFI)
   → 10 000 ha
- Nature reserves open landscape/grassland
   → 5 000 ha
- Nature reserves rivers→ 600 ha





#### Designation roadmaps for strictly protected areas

- Analysis of forest reserves (including RFI) already in regulatory procedure
   → approx. 4/5 of target
- Analysis of planned RFI in contiguous state-owned forest → most feasible approach to reach rest of target
- No stratification by ecological sector, factor however taken into consideration
   → less forest reserves in the North, but also less state-owned forest





#### Designation roadmaps for strictly protected areas

- Stratification across country
- ➤ Analysis of municipalities→ avoid multiple sites
- Similar surface across years (+/- 700 ha)
- Political will



#### Prioritisation – River reserves



#### Designation roadmaps for strictly protected areas

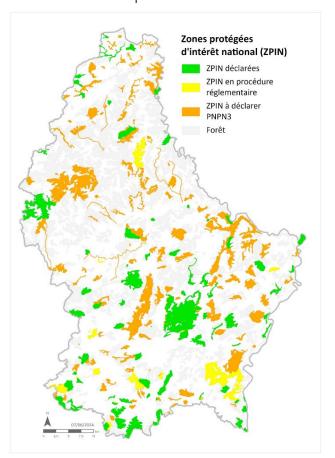
- ➤ River basin management plan → Water Management Administration (AGE)
- Analysis of restoration projects already underway → designation conducive to implementation of planned measures (riparian strips, development corridors)
- Analysis of period to reach good ecological status by – 2027/2033







- Status at time of pledging (Feb. 2023):4.16% ⇔ 10 760 ha
- Current state (June 2024) → 77 sites:
   5.87% ⇔ 15 222 ha
- Progress since pledging → 7 sites:
   1.71% ⇔ 4 462 ha





#### **Funding**

- Environmental Protection Fund
- Nature and Forest Administration

#### Attitude towards level of ambition

- Implementation of PNPN3
  - → public interest
- Identical targets for pledges
  - → Government's support
- > But: Promotion of forest reserves more intensive
  - → less prone to conflict



### Challenges & solutions



- Opposition of stakeholders to nature reserves from the start
  - Clarify that classification file serves as basis for discussion
  - Boundaries not yet fixed
- Increase willingness to own land in protected areas
  - Agri-environmental measures
  - Contractual conservation measures for farmers
     → New regulation including financial top-ups
  - "Grassland" strategy
  - Greater financial support for land acquisition
  - Cooperation with agricultural advisors
- Maintain level of ambition despite changes in government



### Implementation of management



Management plans for all sites with clearly defined conservation objectives & measures

- Species & habitats action plans
- Calls for projects
- River basin management plan
- Coordination & facilitation
  - Groups for overarching issues
  - Natura 2000 steering groups
- Biological stations
- "Naturpakt"







Questions?

- emwelt.lu
- > natura2000.lu

