



**Ministry of Environment
of Denmark**
Environmental
Protection Agency

Danish pledge on conservation status improvement

4th Continental Natura 2000 Biogeographical Seminar
25-27 June 2024, Prague
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How did we proceed? What did we report?

Guidance documents and template for submission in the Reportnet 3 platform

Data from 2019-reporting to EU:

- Article 17 Habitats Directive
- Article 12 Birds Directive

Pledge:

For habitats and species – “non-deterioration” and “reducing unknowns”

For birds – species were reported for all four categories under sub-targets 1 and 2



- Non-deterioration
- Reducing unknowns
- Non-deterioration unlikely to be achievable
- Improving trends for 30 % of species and habitats



EUROPEAN COMMISSION
DIRECTORATE-GENERAL
ENVIRONMENT
Directorate D - Natural Capital
ENV.D.3 - Nature Protection

Subject: **Biodiversity Strategy for 2030: Guidance to Member States on how to select and prioritise species/habitats for the 30% conservation improvement target under the strategy**



Habitats and species

Focus on conservation status and trends based on Article 17-reporting from 2019

- **Initial analysis**
- **Habitats / species where the trend in conservation status is in decline**
- **Habitats / species where the trend in conservation status is assessed as unknown**



Pledge – Habitats and species

- **Non-deterioration**

	Atlantic region	Continental region
Habitats	18	19
Species	11	14

- **Reducing unknowns**

	Atlantic region	Continental region
Habitats	7	8



Pledge – Habitats and species

- Non-deterioration

- Reducing unknowns

Deteriorating trend for Conservation Status (Article 17)	
Habitat types	Species
Strandeng - Salt meadows (1330)	Hasselmus – Hazel dormouse
Grå/grøn klit – Coastal dunes (2130)	Ilder – European polecat
Klithede – Fixed dunes (2140)	Stalling – European grayling
Klitlavning – Humid dune slacks (2190)	Snæbel – Maraena whitefish
Enebærklit – Coastal dunes with <i>Juniperus</i> spp (2250)	Stor vandsalamander – Great Crested Newts
Vandløb – Water courses (3260)	Springfrø – Agile frog
Våd hede – Wet heaths (4010)	Butsnudet frø – Common frog
Tør hede – Dry heaths (4030)	Spidssnudet frø – Moor frog
Kalkoverdrev – Dry grasslands on calcareous substrates (6210)	Markfirben – Sand lizard
Surt overdrev – Species-rich grasslands on siliceous substrate (6230)	Grøn køllekuldsmed – Green snaketail
Hængesæk – Transition mires (7140)	Grøn mosaikkuldsmed - Green hawker
Kildevæld – Petrifying springs (7220)	Sortplettet blåfugl – Large blue
Rigkær – Alkaline fens (7230)	Almindelig hvidmos – Leucobryum moss
Bøg på mor – <i>Luzulo-Fagetum</i> beech forest (9110)	Enkelt månerude – Little grapefern
Bøg på muld – <i>Asperulo-Fagetum</i> beech forest (9130)	Gul stenbræk – Marsh saxifrage
Bøg på kalk – Limestone beech forests (9150)	Guldblomme – Wolf's bane
Ege-blandskov – Oak-hornbeam forests (9160)	Liden najade - Naiad
Stilkege-krat – Oak woods with <i>Quercus robur</i> (9190)	
Skovbevokset tørvemose – Bog woodland (91D0)	

Unknown trend for Conservation Status (Article 17)	
Habitat types	
Strandvold med enårige planter	
Annual vegetation of drift lines (1210)	
Strandvold med flerårige planter	
Perennial vegetation of stony banks (1220)	
Kystklint/klippe	
Vegetated sea cliffs (1230)	
Indlandssalteng	
Indland salt meadows (1340)	
Forklit	
Embryonic shifting dunes (2110)	
Hvid klit	
White dunes (2120)	
Havtornklit	
Dunes with <i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i>	
Grårisklit	
Dunes with <i>Salix repens</i> ssp (2170)	



Birds

- **Selecting bird species**
 - **Species not assessed as “Secure” in the EU-level assessment of 2020**
 - **EU Red list of Birds**
 - **Trigger species for designation**
- **National Red list used to support prioritizing**



Pledge – Birds

EU Biodiversity Strategy target – Achieving non-deterioration and 30% improvement of habitats and species by 2030			
Birds			
30% target for improving trends	Non-deterioration target	Non-deterioration unlikely to be achievable	Reducing unknowns
1.b IMPR CRIT Birds	2.b NON-DET MEAS Birds	3.b DET UNAV Birds	4.a UNKN Reason Birds
4 species A recent population increase is expected to continue	11 species Expected increase due to initiated and decided action	16 species Pressures affecting population status outside DK e.g. climate change, isolation, diseases, over fishery, hunting and atmospheric nitrogen deposition	24 species Better utilization and inclusion of data, e.g. improved methodology, citizen science data



Pledge – Birds

30% target for improving trends	Non-deterioration target	Non-deterioration unlikely to be achievable	Reducing unknowns
Little Tern (B) Razorbill (B) Common guillemot (B) Red Kite (B)	Tundra Swan (W) Common Scoter (W) Common Eider (B) Curlew (B) Black-tailed Godwitt (B) Avocet (B) Ruff (B) Kentish Plover (B) Wood Sandpiper (B) Arctic Tern (B) Kingfisher (B)	Northern Fulmar (B) Bean Goose (A.f. fabalis) (W) Common Eider (W) Greater Scaup (W) Long-tailed Duck (W) Hen Harrier (B) Black Grouse (B) Eurasian Golden Plover (B) Baltic dunlin (C.a. Schinzii) (B) Dunlin (W) Little Gull (B) Gull-billed Tern (B) Short-eared Owl (B) Tawny Pipit (B) Barred Warbler (B) Pied Flycatcher (B)	Arctic Loon (W) Horned Grebe (W) Black-necked Grebe (B) Canada Goose (W) Eurasian Wigeon (W) Hen Harrier (P) Merlin (W) Black Grouse (B) European Woodcock (B) Jack Snipe (W) Little Ringed Plover (W) Purple Sandpiper (W) Glaucous Gull (W) Iceland Gull (W) Little Gull (B) Little Auk (W) Northern Long-eared Owl (Y) Lesser Spotted Woodpecker (B) Eurasian Wryneck (B) Crested Lark (B) Barred Warbler (B) Willow Warbler (B) Willow Tit (B) Northern Nutcracker (B)



Questions – you are welcome to contact

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Thank you for your attention !